# Handbook of Graduate Studies



UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO HISTORY DEPARTMENT

2018-2019



Handbook of Graduate Studies © 2008 The University of New Mexico Department of History Dr. Elizabeth Quay Hutchison/Rebecca Ellis Updated: August 2018

# Table of Contents

Introd	roduction				
Graduate Programs in History					
	MA Program Requirements				
	PhD Program Requirements				
Gradu	ate Poli	cies and Aids			
	Foreign Language Requirement				
	Thesis/Dissertation Deadlines				
	Academic Dishonesty				
	Graduate Funding		29		
	Critica	l Deadlines	31		
Gradu	ate For	ns			
	<u>M.A.</u>	Committee on Studies	33		
		Thesis Committee	34		
		Program of Studies (OGS)	35		
	<u>Ph.D.</u>	Committee on Studies	39		
		Committee for the Qualifying Exam	40		
		Application for Candidacy (OGS)	41		
		Dissertation Committee (OGS)	45		
Histor	History Contacts				

# Introduction

Welcome to the History Graduate Program at the University of New Mexico!

The UNM Department of History

The University of New Mexico Department of History has a strong national and international reputation for research, teaching, and professional work. Our department has an especially strong reputation in U. S. Western and Latin American History, but we also have strengths in medieval history, European history, and American history more broadly. The UNM history faculty have won several prestigious research fellowships, including grants from the <u>Fulbright Scholars Program</u>, the <u>American Council of Learned Societies</u>, and the <u>National Endowment for the Humanities</u>, as well as many awards for the books and articles that they have produced. History faculty and students are active in the field of public history, where they contribute to a range of historical endeavors from scholarly editing and publishing to producing documentary film and museum exhibits. For more information on recent events and publications involving our faculty and students, please see the department's webpage: <u>www.unm.edu/~hist</u>. Those interested in the graduate program may also wish to contact the History Graduate Student Association (<u>HGSA</u>), which organizes professional and social activities for graduate students in history.

The department maintains close affiliations with a number of organizations that represent a wide range of interests and scholarship on the UNM campus. One is the <u>New Mexico Historical Review</u>, which publishes a quarterly academic journal focused on New Mexico and the Southwest region, its peoples, and their cultures. The <u>Center for the Southwest</u> takes an interdisciplinary approach in providing colloquia, film presentations, and lecture series devoted to the Southwest region. Members of our faculty are actively involved with both the academic programs in <u>Latin American Studies</u> as well as the scholarly activities sponsored by the <u>Latin American and Iberian Institute</u>, the <u>Southwest Hispanic Research Institute</u>, and the <u>Center for Regional Studies</u> at UNM.

Also associated with the Department of History is the <u>Institute for Medieval Studies</u>, which coordinates an interdisciplinary academic program and offers outreach to high schools as well as an annual public lecture series each spring. The <u>International Studies Institute</u> which represents the Asian, European, and Russian Studies Programs, utilizes History Faculty and curriculum for its academic program and holds an annual public lecture series organized around significant global topics each autumn. Finally, the organization <u>Western Writers of America</u> has its home in the department and publishes *Roundup Magazine*.

Strong teaching, however, is always at the heart of the department's work. It is a point of pride that tenure-track professors teach almost all the undergraduates in our department. From 2004 to 2007, the UNM History Department also participated in the <u>Carnegie Initiative on the Doctorate</u>, a national program designed to strengthen the design and administration of doctoral programs across the country. In 2008-2011, the History Department collaborated with New Mexico public school districts in support of the <u>Rio Grande Valley Teaching American History Grant</u>, a US Department of Education grant that helps public school teachers obtain their Masters in History. Students at all levels find our faculty members open, friendly, and accessible, dedicated to preparing students for professional and intellectual pursuits, and eager to share knowledge both in class and in informal situations.

#### The Graduate Handbook

The Handbook of Graduate Studies is designed to help graduate students and their faculty advisors navigate departmental and university requirements for graduate degrees in History. Students are responsible for understanding and fulfilling the graduate requirements that pertain to their program, as established by the Department of History and the Office of Graduate Studies. In the course of their studies, and in consultation with the Graduate Director, faculty advisors, and department staff, students will select concentrations, fulfill requirements, form committees, and complete all necessary paperwork. Students should prepare all forms – particularly for OGS – well in advance of published deadlines, since most forms require signatures from multiple faculty members. Failure to meet departmental or OGS deadlines may delay examination and/or graduation dates. Please see the Critical Deadlines section of the Handbook for a list of important dates in the Fall and Spring semesters. The Graduate Director also sends out frequent emails reminding students of departmental and university deadlines.

The Handbook includes copies of all forms students need to complete degree requirements, which may be used as worksheets for students consulting with faculty advisors. DO NOT SUBMIT FORMS directly from the Handbook. UNM Graduate Studies has made all forms available here: http://grad.unm.edu/resources/gs-forms/index.html

A digital copy of the Handbook of Graduate Studies, including hyperlinks, can be accessed from the http://history.unm.edu/graduate/graduate-pdf-files/Graduate%20Handbook%202012% 20updated.pdf

#### Page 3

# M.A. Program Requirements

This document outlines the minimum requirements for the M.A. in History at UNM. Students should understand that graduate study in history is not satisfied by course work alone, but by independent study and preparation for the Master's examination (and research and writing of the thesis under Plan I or capstone project under Plan II 4c). It is the students' responsibility to seek guidance from appropriate faculty members in the preparation of their program.

The Department of History offers the M.A. degree under Plan I (with thesis) and Plan II (without thesis). Plan I may be undertaken only with the advance approval of a professor in the appropriate field.

I. UNIVERSITY REQUIREMENTS: The University Catalog states the general requirements for the Master's degree. In brief, these are as follows:

### Plan I (Thesis)

1. Students must present at least 24 hours of graduate-level (500-level and above) course work beyond the bachelor's degree.

2. At least 50% of course credits must be completed after admission to the graduate program.

3. Students must enroll for at least 6 hours of thesis (History 599) credit. All theses must be written in English

#### Plan II (No Thesis)

1. Students must present at least 30 hours of graduate-level (500-level and above) course work beyond the bachelor's degree.

2. At least 50% of course credits must be completed after admission to the graduate program.

#### Seven-Year Rule

All master's degree work, including applied non-degree hours, transferred credits, and thesis, must be completed within 7 years. Course work older than 7 years cannot be used to fulfill requirements for the master's degree.

# For further details, consult the University Catalog.

### II. HISTORY DEPARTMENT REQUIREMENTS:

In addition to the University Requirements (see Section I above), the program of studies for the M.A. degree requires the following:

1. Admission. Students entering the M.A. program are strongly recommended to have completed a Bachelor's degree in History or its equivalent. Applicants must demonstrate evidence of engagement with the discipline of history, as determined by the History Department Graduate Entrance Committee (GEC).

2. Graduate Course Load. Expected course load is 9 graduate credit hours per semester.

3. Graduate course in Advanced Historiography (History 664). Every History graduate student must take this course, normally in the first year of study.

4. Foreign language requirement. M.A. students must demonstrate a proficiency in one other language other than English. This requirement may be fulfilled by language examination, presenting 12 credit-hours of course work in a foreign language from an accredited institution, completed during the period of graduate study at UNM with grades of B or better; completion of the fourth semester level course of a language with a grade of B or better; or approved pathways for Latin or Native American Languages (See Section VI below).

Courses used to satisfy the language requirement do not count as graduate credit toward the Master's Degree. The foreign language requirement must be completed before the student takes his/her Master's examination in their Primary Field of Concentration.

5. **Primary field**. Students must choose a Primary Field of Concentration, complete at least 18 hours of course work, and pass a written comprehensive exam in that field. (see Section VII below).

6. **Secondary field/concentration**. Students will choose from one of the Plans below to determine secondary field and follow requirements for demonstrating proficiency in this field.

7. **Graduate seminars.** Graduate students will be required to take at least half of their required course hours as graduate seminars. A student may take a maximum of two seminars from one professor. At least one graduate-level seminar (History 666 and higher) in the Secondary Field of Concentration/Minor (see Section IV below).

Limit on problems courses. Problems courses (History 697-698) are individually arranged by the student and professor. Their purpose is to supplement and fill gaps in the Department's regular course offerings. Without specific authorization from both the department and the Office of Graduate Studies, no more than two Problems courses may count toward the Master's degree. Problems courses are not seminars and do not count as such.

#### III. DEPARTMENT OF HISTORY PLAN I AND II OPTIONS

#### PLAN I: Plan I (Thesis and 30 credit hours)

1. Students must present at least 24 hours of graduate-level (500-level and above) course work beyond the bachelor's degree with a minimum of 18 credit hours in History.

2. At least 50% of course credits must be completed after admission to the graduate program.

3. Students must enroll for at least 6 hours of thesis (History 599) credit

#### Page 4

Page 5

4. M.A. students must demonstrate a proficiency in one other language other than English. This requirement may be fulfilled either by language examination or course work. Courses used to satisfy the language requirement do not count as graduate credit toward the Master's Degree, and the foreign language requirement must be completed before the student takes his/her Master's examination in their Primary Field of Concentration.

5. Primary Field of Concentration. Students under Plan I (Thesis) take a Master's examination in their Primary Field of Concentration.

#### PLAN II (No Thesis, 30 credit hours)

1. Students must present at least 30 hours of graduate-level (500-level and above) coursework beyond the bachelor's degree with a minimum of 18 credit hours in History.

2. At least 50% of graduate course credits must be completed after admission to the graduate program.

3. M.A. students must demonstrate a proficiency in one other language other than English. This requirement may be fulfilled either by language examination or course work. Courses used to satisfy the language requirement do not count as graduate credit toward the Master's Degree, and the foreign language requirement must be completed before the student takes his/her Master's examination in their Primary Field of Concentration.

4. At least 18 credit hours in the Primary Field of concentration and at least 12 hours of graduate course work as described in sections A or B or C. Students take a comprehensive examination in this primary field.

A. Secondary Field of Concentration in History (12 credit hours) in addition to the primary field comprehensive examination, students take a secondary field examination.

B. Transcripted Graduate minor/certificate (12-15 credit hours, depending on the requirements of the minor/certificate department or program).

C. Creation of a Secondary Field of Concentration of student's design that reflects professional and career interests and goals, subject to approval by the Graduate Advisory Committee. (A minimum of 12 credit hours inside and/or outside of the Department of History.)

1. **Requirements.** Students under C take a Master's examination in their Primary Field of Concentration. Subject to approval by COS Chair and the GAC, a capstone project\* will demonstrate proficiency in the secondary field of concentration.

#### 2. Advisement.

a. During the student's first semester, the student's Committee of Studies chair will work closely with the student on selecting appropriate graduate courses and members (at least one from outside history, if germane) for their COS. All members of the COS must approve the Secondary Field of Concentration and the capstone project\* for this field of concentration.

b. One week prior to the student's second semester, the student will submit for approval the proposed secondary field and capstone project\* to the Graduate Advisory Committee with a letter of support from the COS chair.

3. **\*Capstone Project.** Capstone project must demonstrate deep engagement with at least 2 but preferable more of the Student Learning Outcomes for the History MA. MA Capstone examples include but are not limited to: a revised and expandedresearch paper from a graduate seminar in the non-transcripted minor/secondary field, a curated show, teaching portfolio, website, internship, documentary, a teaching dossier etc. . . .)

# IV. FIELDS OF CONCENTRATION

Students working under Plan I shall select one Field of Concentration from the following; students working under Plan II-4A shall select a Primary Field of Concentration and Secondary Field of Concentration from the following:

The Western World to 1500 Europe 1815-present American West Asia Europe 1500-1815 United States Latin America

The <u>M.A. examination(s)</u> will be based on the Field(s) of Concentration selected by each student (see Section VII below).

### V. THE GRADUATE DIRECTOR AND THE COMMITTEE ON STUDIES(COS)

The Graduate Director is familiar with all the rules and regulations concerning graduate students and is the authority on what they mean and how they should be interpreted, though appeals may be made to the History Department Graduate Advisory Committee (GAC).

Students should meet with the Graduate Director every semester and keep him/her apprised of their progress.

Each student shall, by the end of the second semester of study, establish a Committee on Studies in consultation with the Graduate Director. The composition of the Committee may subsequently be altered with the Graduate Director's approval. The Committee should have at least three members.

The Committee on Studies supervises the student's general program of study and guides the student's preparation for M.A. examinations. Students should consult with their Committees on Studies on a regular basis.

Students with secondary fields/concentration that draw on graduate courses outside the Department of History must consult with the Graduate Advisor of the certificate/minor program/non-history graduate program in order to approve the program of study for that program, and have one faculty member from outside the department on their committee. Students should do so by the end of their second semester of graduate studies and share this plan with their COS chair, who shall provide a letter of support on behalf of his/her student to the Graduate Advisory Committee (GAC) which will approve the total History Master's Degree Program of Study.

Students who fail to meet with their Committee on Studies through their own negligence shall, at the discretion of the Graduate Director and with the approval of the Department Chair, not be permitted to continue their program until the problem has been rectified.

# VI. FOREIGN LANGUAGE REQUIREMENT (See Appendix "Language Requirment" for full details)

All M.A. students are required to demonstrate proficiency in a language other than English. This requirement may be fulfilled by passing the Departmental language examination; presenting 12 credit-hours of course work in that language from an accredited institution, completed during the period of graduate study at UNM with grades of B or better; or completion of the fourth semester level course of a language with a grade of B or better. The latter two options are strongly recommended for students with weak language skills, and required for those who fail the departmental language exam. Continuing language study does not exclude students from taking the departmental language exam a second or third time, and if such attempts are successful, no further language coursework is required.

Students are expected to demonstrate progress toward fulfilling the Language Requirement within the first two semesters of graduate study, either by attempting the language examination or beginning course work in the language. The language requirement must be completely fulfilled before taking the M.A. examination.

#### VII. MASTER'S EXAMINATION

The Master's examination is a written, pass/fail examination of the student's Master's-level command of the discipline and the Field(s) of Concentration. Students under Plan I (Thesis) take a Master's examination in their one Field of Concentration, while students under Plan II-4A take an examination in both the Primary and Secondary Fields of Concentration.

Master's examinations will be given in the fall and spring. Notice of the exact date will be posted well in advance and students should sign up with the Department Administrator at least four weeks before the scheduled time. Master's examinations will be offered in Summer sessions only in exceptional circumstances as approved by the GAC; for a Summer examination, students must petition the GAC, with support from their Committee on Studies, before April 1.

No student may take the Master's examination until all incompletes have been removed and the Language Requirement has been fulfilled. Before taking the examination, students must also file an Application for Candidacy (also known as the Program of Studies) with the Office of Graduate Studies (OGS), formally summarizing their program of studies; this form is available in the Department office. The Application for Candidacy must be approved by the Committee on Studies and the Graduate Director before submission to OGS.

Faculty in the respective sections will prepare the examination questions and designate a committee of examiners in each Field of Concentration. All students being examined in the same Concentration will take the same examination.

For students under Plan II-4A, both the Primary and Secondary Fields of Concentration examinations are three (3) hours in length. The Secondary Concentration examination will be comprehensive but the candidate will not be expected to show as much command of substantive detail or bibliographical knowledge as in the Primary Field of Concentration.

A student who fails either the Primary or Secondary Field of Concentration examination must repeat the entire exam at a subsequent regularly scheduled date. A second failure terminates the student's graduate study.

The Chair of the student's Committee on Studies chair shall report the examination results to the student. In the chair's absence, the Graduate Director or Department Chair may report the results.

Examinations in absentia: A student may in exceptional circumstances take language and/or

M.A. examinations in absentia. Exceptional circumstances will be determined by the Graduate Advisory Committee upon recommendation of the student's Committee on Studies. It shall be the responsibility of the Graduate Director to make appropriate arrangements for all exams given in absentia.

### VIII. STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES

A.1. Each MA student will demonstrate in all research papers, including the thesis (Plan I), ethical use of sources and accurate and properly formatted citations.

**B.1.** Each MA student will demonstrate in all research papers, including the thesis, the abilities: to use primary and secondary sources appropriately; to identify and evaluate evidence; and to identify all relevant archival sources for a particular project. (Plan 1)

Each MA student will demonstrate in all research projects the abilities to use primary and secondary sources appropriately and to identify and evaluate evidence. (Plan II)

**C.1.** Each MA student will demonstrate in her/his thesis the ability to formulate a clear argument, support the argument with appropriate and thorough primary evidence, and reach a convincing conclusion. (Plan I)

Each MA student will demonstrate in all research projects the ability to formulate a clear argument, support the argument with appropriate and thorough evidence, and reach a convincing conclusion. (Plan II)

**D.1.** Each MA student will demonstrate in the required Advanced Historiography course (664) the ability to recognize and apply the fundamental paradigms, analytical models, and theories of causation that are used in the discipline.

**E.1.** Each MA student will demonstrate in research topic choices and resulting work the ability to recognize and articulate the diversity of human experience, including ethnicity, race, language, sex, gender, as well as political, economic, social, and cultural structures over time and space.

# Ph.D. Program Requirements

The Ph.D. program in history at the University of New Mexico offers students the best possible preparation for the challenges and opportunities of the historical profession in the twenty-first century. Seminars and graduate-level courses provide depth within a particular field and also allow students to attain a unique intellectual breadth that complements study along traditional chronological and geographic lines. Through courses in historical methods and historiography, as well as the opportunity to take courses in other departments, students in our program will be able to approach their work with theoretical and inter-disciplinary sophistication. Finally, our examination structure emphasizes qualities essential for success as a professional historian: excellence in writing and in public presentations and assurance in professional inter-actions. In sum, UNM students will be well prepared to carry out innovative work, by writing excellent dissertations, teaching with confidence a variety of courses, working as public historians, or pursuing any other opportunities that the historical profession might offer.

This document describes university and departmental requirements that students must meet to obtain the Ph.D. in History, as well as the opportunities and procedures that shape students' passage through the doctoral program. Please see Appendix A, "Steps to Completing the Doctorate in History ('007)," for an overview of the program's schedule, requirements, and forms. Students should also consult the Office of Graduate Studies (<u>http://www.unm.edu/grad/index.html</u>) and the Department of History (<u>http:// www.unm.edu/~hist/index.html</u>) for announcements and updated information relating to the doctoral program. Doctoral students who began the program prior to Fall 2007 may elect to complete the doctoral requirements inaugurated in 2007-2008 by indicating this catalog when filing departmental and university forms.

#### I. Program of Doctoral Study

#### Advisement: The Graduate Director and the Committee on Studies:

The department requires that in the course of the first year a student select an academic advisor, select fields of concentration, and form a Committee on Studies (COS). Also in their first year of study, doctoral students must enroll in Advanced Historiography (History 664) and attempt to fulfill the language requirement. For administrative advisement, students should rely on the Graduate Director, who is familiar with program requirements at the departmental and university levels. The Director normally meets with each graduate student on campus at least once each academic year and keeps abreast of each student's progress in the program.

By the end of the first year of study, each student must consult with the Graduate Director to constitute a Committee on Studies, the composition of which subsequently may be altered with the approval of the Graduate Director. The COS should consist of four faculty, including the student's principal academic advisor as Chair and additional faculty with expertise in each of the student's areas of concentration; a faculty member may decline any COS appointment. The COS supervises the student's general program of study and guides the student's preparation for the qualifying examination. Students are therefore urged to consult regularly with their Committee on Studies, especially their Chair on a regular basis.

#### Language Requirement:

Each student must demonstrate a reading knowledge of one language other than English, either by passing the departmental language exam (administered four times a year); by presenting 12

credit-hours of coursework in that language completed during their period of graduate study; or completion of the fourth semester level course of a language with a grade of B or better completed during their period of graduate study at UNM. Students with a Regional Concentration in Latin American or European history must also demonstrate competence in a second foreign language appropriate to their course of study. Each language exam requires the translation into English of an approximately 600-word selection from a modern scholarly text in the foreign language. A dictionary may be used, and there is a two-hour limit. If a student fails the first attempt, they must enroll in an appropriate level language class. Students are expected to demonstrate progress toward fulfilling the Language Requirement within the first two semesters of graduate study, either by attempting the language exam or beginning language coursework. The language requirement must be completely fulfilled before taking the Qualifying Exam.

For details on the Language Requirement and the Departmental language examination, see the sheet on the "History Department Foreign Language Requirement."

#### Coursework:

Normally, students enroll in at least two graduate seminars (History 664 to 696) each semester. The expected semester course load is 9 credits. The university catalog states that students must present at least 48 credit hours beyond the bachelor's degree, including at least 24 hours of coursework taken at UNM and at least 18 hours following admission to the Ph.D. program. For further details on the level and distribution of these credit hours, please consult the UNM Catalog. See Appendix B, "Course Requirements for the Doctorate in History ('007)," for an overview of departmental course requirements.

The thirty graduate credit hours required for the PhD fall into four different categories: 1) Advanced Historiography and Historical Research Methods (6 credits), 2) Regional Concentration (12 credits), 3) Thematic Concentration (6 credits), and 4) Outside Field/Public History requirement (6 credits). Two of the six seminars taken in the Concentrations must be research seminars.

#### 1) Advanced Historiography and Historical Research Methods (6 credits)

Recognizing the importance of general training for success as a professional historian, the UNM History Department requires doctoral students to take courses in both Advanced Historiography (664) and Historical Research Methods (665). Advanced Historiography introduces students both to the fundamental paradigms of the historical profession and to the more recent theoretical debates and ideas that have shaped historical discourse. Historical Research Methods emphasizes the skills and techniques necessary for historical research, such as the identification of primary sources, archival research, and the technical procedures necessary to produce publishable articles.

#### 2) Regional Concentration (12 credits)

Students will select one of three broad Regional Concentrations. Within that concentration, they will designate a Specialization that is defined either chronologically or regionally. The available Regional Concentrations, along with the Specializations found within each of them, are as follows:

1. U.S./American West

- U.S. to 1877
- U.S. since 1877
- American West
- 2. Latin America
  - Early Latin America (to 1810)
  - Modern Latin American (since 1810)
- 3. Europe
  - Late Antiquity and the Middle Ages
  - Middle Ages and Early Modern Europe
  - Modern Europe

The Regional Concentration provides students with substantial background in a particular geographic, historical field, and the regions chosen here represent the UNM history department's areas of strength. (See Appendix C, "Regional Concentrations.") A chronological or geographic specialization within each concentration allows students to examine a particular period or topic in greater depth, thus acquiring the preparation essential for writing a strong dissertation.

In terms of course distribution, students must take at least three courses in the Regional Concentration that focus on the student's chosen Specialization (at least two of these must be seminars); at least two other courses must be taken within the Regional Concentration but outside the student's area of specialization. Students choosing to specialize in American West, for example, would necessarily take three courses within that area, and two other courses in U.S. history outside of the West. Students specializing in Europe in Late Antiquity and the Middle Ages would need to take two courses in Early Modern and Modern Europe. Four of the five courses taken for the Regional Concentration, moreover, must be seminars, including one research seminar.

#### 3) Thematic Concentration (6 credits)

The UNM History Department offers seven different Thematic Concentrations, described in greater detail in Appendix D, "Thematic Concentrations."

- 1. Gender and Sexuality
- 2. Race and Ethnicity
- 3. Frontiers and Borderlands
- 4. War and Society
- 5. Environmental History
- 6. Religion
- 7. Politics and Economy

Normally, each graduate seminar will fit into one or two of these thematic areas; students may consult the Graduate Director to determine which seminars correspond to particular Regional and Thematic Concentrations. Students must take at least two seminars in the Thematic Concentration, at least one of which will fall outside their Regional Concentration. The Thematic Concentration will thus provide geographic breadth to students' programs, preparing them to work more effectively within world history courses and other general history programs. A thematic approach to coursework will also provide a useful intellectual framework for dissertation research.

Because of the department's traditional strengths in the fields of American West and Latin American history, a student whose Regional Concentration encompasses one of these fields may petition the Graduate Director, with support from his or her COS Chair, to substitute the other field for the Thematic Concentration. In other words, a student whose Regional Concentration is Latin American history may substitute the American West for a Thematic Concentration, and vice-versa.

#### 4) Outside Field/Public History (6 credits)

Because of the importance of interdisciplinary approaches in today's historical profession, graduate students in the UNM History Department will also pursue at least two graduate-level courses outside of the history department. These courses are intended to complement a historian's normal course of studies. These courses can be in another department, such as Anthropology or Foreign Languages and Literatures, or they can form part of an interdisciplinary program, such as Religious Studies or Medieval Studies. The only requirements are that both courses must be in the same department or program and that they be offered at the graduate level. Students whose interests lie chiefly in public history may instead substitute for this requirement two courses relating to that field, normally but not exclusively offered in the History Department.

#### Please Note:

The department also offers doctoral students the option of taking History 696: Dissertation/ Professionalization Workshop (3 credit hours, P/NP), a course that, in addition to providing a forum to review grant proposals and dissertation chapters, addresses issues such as preparing a c.v., job interview techniques, writing syllabi, and identifying opportunities for conference participation and publication.

Problems Courses (History 697) are individually arranged by the student and professor, created to supplement and fill gaps in the department's regular offerings. Without specific authorization from the department and the Office of Graduate Studies, no more than two Problems courses may count toward any degree requirement. Problems courses are not seminars, and do not count as such.

#### II. The Qualifying Examination

Graduate-level examination and evaluation is an ongoing process, not limited to a single set of tests administered at a given point during a student's career. The examination process therefore incorporates earlier and presumably revised written work contained in a student's dossier, a more formal exam intended to address all aspects of a student's preparation in courses and seminars, and finally an oral presentation. An exam committee will be constituted to review the dossier, administer the exam, and evaluate the public presentation.

Prior to the semester in which a student takes the oral examination, the student's Application for Candidacy must be approved by the COS and Graduate Director, and the student must have fulfilled all language requirements and resolved all course Incompletes. After the portfolio has been approved by the CQE, the student must notify the Department Administrator of his or her intention to take the oral exam; this must occur at least four weeks prior to the proposed examination date.

#### The Committee for the Qualifying Examination:

As they enter their fourth semester of full-time study, doctoral students should assemble the Committee for the Qualifying Exam (CQE). The CQE will consist of five members: three faculty members representing the Regional Concentration (one of whom, typically, will be the student's COS Chair), and two representing the Thematic Concentration. There will no overlapping roles among committee members, and in most circumstances, the committee should be composed of faculty members from whom the student has taken courses. A former UNM faculty member who wishes to do so may chair or serve on the CQE of any advisee who takes the examination within one year of the faculty member's departure.

In consultation with this committee, each student will develop a reading list of the scholarly literature that he or she will be expected to have mastered at the time of the examination. These lists should include a minimum of sixty books within the Regional Concentration and forty books within the Thematic Concentration (or the equivalent in a mix of books and scholarly articles). These figures, of course, represent minimum standards and provide only a rough guide; the members of a student's CQE determine the scope and size of a particular reading list.

#### The Examination:

#### 1. The Dossier

The purpose of the dossier is to gather together students' best written work for the CQE's review and more generally to establish a record of the student's course of study for the doctorate. The dossier will include syllabi from courses relevant to the student's two concentrations and from the methods and historiography courses, as well as the reading list described above and a sample of the student's written work. This sample (not to exceed a total of fifty pages) will represent not only the best papers that the student has submitted, but also writing that the student may have continued to revise thereafter. Preparation of the dossier thus offers faculty and students an opportunity to develop a student's writing skills further before in -depth dissertation research has begun. The CQE is also responsible for encouraging the student to formulate a dissertation topic during the preparation for the qualifying examination. At the committee's discretion, a student may be asked to add more material to the dossier. If, upon review, the committee feels that the dossier indicates mastery of the field, it will set a date for the student's qualifying exams during the following semester.

#### 2. The Oral Examination

The second component of the doctoral qualifying examination consists of a three-hour oral discussion and evaluation, with the entire exam committee meeting together with the student. The dossier — to which the committee shall have access at least four weeks before the exam — shall serve as the foundation for evaluation, setting the basic expectations for the material to be covered. The purpose of the exam is twofold: to allow students to demonstrate their familiarity with the key information and historiographical debates within their fields, and to allow students and faculty to communicate in a professional capacity about important questions within the field. The examination is evaluated on a pass-fail basis.

#### 3. The Public Presentation

Within two weeks of passing the oral examination, students will deliver an oral presentation on a topic that falls within their regional area of specialization. The presentation, similar in format and scope to an upper-division undergraduate course lecture or an equivalent public history oral presentation, might also address a student's Thematic Concentration; the precise topic of the lecture, as well as venue and audience, will be determined by the committee in consultation with the student. Typically, the exam committee chair will help guide the preparation of this lecture, which the committee as a whole will, again, evaluate on a pass-fail basis.

#### III. The Dissertation

The dissertation is the culminating research product of the doctoral program. It shall: be an indepth, scholarly examination of an original research question in history; represent a significant, monograph -length contribution to historical scholarship based on primary sources; and conform to the professional and intellectual standards of the discipline.

#### The Dissertation Committee

The dissertation committee will be formed of at least four members. In addition to the Director, at least two members must hold regular full-time appointments at UNM. A third member must hold a regular full-time appointment outside of the History Department, either at UNM or at another accredited institution. Committee members will be selected by the student and Committee Chair, with the approval of the Graduate Director. A former UNM faculty member may continue to direct the dissertation of a student who achieves doctoral candidacy, establishes a dissertation committee, and submits an approved dissertation prospectus prior to the faculty member's departure; under such circumstances, a current faculty member must also serve as co-chair.

# The Dissertation:

# 1. Prospectus

Normally in the first semester after all exam requirements have been completed, a student will choose a dissertation committee, write a dissertation prospectus (10-15 pages, plus bibliography), and defend the prospectus before the dissertation committee. If the prospectus is not approved within the first full semester after passing the qualifying examination, the student will receive a "No Progress" grade, as a matter of department policy. For additional details on the prospectus, students should consult with their dissertation committee as well as the departmental sheet "Dissertation Prospectus."

### 2. Completing the Dissertation

Students must enroll for at least 18 total hours of dissertation (History 699); enrollment in any given semester may be for 3, 6, 9, or 12 hours. Dissertation enrollment may begin on or after, but not before, the semester the student takes the qualifying examination. Once started, continuous enrollment for at least 3 dissertation hours each semester must be maintained until the degree is completed. Once admitted to candidacy, students must complete all degree requirements (i.e. the dissertation) within five years. Extensions of time will be granted only upon approval by the student's Committee on Studies, the History Department Graduate Advisory Committee, and OGS.

The Department of History adopts the latest edition of Kate Turabian, A Manual for Writers of Term Papers, Theses, and Dissertations as the guide to style for all dissertations. All deviations in style from Turabian must be approved by a student's dissertation committee. Please consult the pages of the Office of Graduate Studies for detailed requirements for formatting the final dissertation manuscript. All dissertations must be written in English.

# 3. The Dissertation Defense

After completion of the dissertation, and before it is submitted to OGS, all candidates must complete an oral defense of the dissertation in front of their dissertation committees. In order to graduate in a given semester, the examination must be held at a reasonable time prior to the published dates for submission of dissertation to OGS (see below). At least three weeks prior to the dissertation defense, the candidate will inform department administrators of the date and time of the scheduled defense and, at least two weeks prior, the candidate must submit a complete copy of the dissertation to each member of the examination committee. The dissertation director will chair the examination, which will involve all members of the dissertation committee. The examination is open to all members of the UNM community.

Doctoral dissertations must be submitted to committee members, the department chair, and OGS according to the following schedule:

Submit to:	Dissertation Committee	Department Chair	OGS
Fall Semester	October 1	November 1	November 15
Spring Semester	March 1	April 1	April 15

FORMS REQUIRED	itrations "Committee on Studies" (Semester 2) and <i>Histori</i> - "Application for Candidacy for the Doctoral or MFA Degree" (Semester 4)	"Committee for Qualifying Exam" (Semester 4)	"Appointment of Dissertation Committee" "Approval of Dissertation Prospectus"
STUDENT ACTIONS	<ol> <li>PROGRAM OF STUDY         Define Program of Study:             <ul></ul></li></ol>	<ul> <li>II. QUALIFYING EXAMINATION Form Committee for Qualifying Exam (CQE) Take the Examination</li> <li>Prepare and Submit Dossier</li> <li>Take Oral Examination</li> <li>Make Public Presentation</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>III. DISSERTATION</li> <li>Establish Dissertation Committee</li> <li>Write the Dissertation</li> <li>Submit and Defend Prospectus</li> <li>Research and Write Dissertation</li> <li>Defend Dissertation</li> </ul>
TIME FRAME	Semesters 1-4	Semesters 4-5	Thereafter (up to 5 years)

# APPENDIX B: Course Requirements for the Doctorate in History ('007)

REGIONAL CONCENTRATION	THEMATIC CONCENTRATION					
<ol> <li>U.S./American West (Specializations: U.S. to 1877, U.S. since 1877, American West)</li> <li>Latin America (Specializations: Early Latin America (to 1810), Modern Latin America (since 1810))</li> <li>Europe (Specializations: Late Antiquity and the Middle Ages, Middle Ages and Early Modern Eu- rope, Modern Europe)</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Gender and Sexuality</li> <li>Race and Ethnicity</li> <li>Frontiers and Borderlands</li> <li>War and Society</li> <li>Environmental History</li> <li>Religion</li> <li>Politics and Economy</li> </ol>					
<ul> <li>Distribution of courses:</li> <li>At least 4 seminars, totaling 12 credit hours</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Distribution of courses:</li> <li>At least 2 seminars,(reading and research</li> </ul>					
<ul> <li>At least 1 seminar in Regional Concentration but outside of Specialization</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>seminar when possible) totaling 6 credit hours</li> <li>At least 1 seminar outside Regional Concentration</li> </ul>					
ADVANCED HISTORIOGRAPHY (664) AND HISTORICAL RESEARCH METHODS (665) • 2 courses, 6 credit hours						
OUTSIDE FIELD/P	PUBLIC HISTORY					
<ul> <li>2 courses, 6 credit hours</li> <li>Graduate-level courses</li> <li>Both classes taken in another Department or Program or in the field of Public History</li> </ul>						
Total Graduate-level Credit Hours Required: 30						

### **APPENDIX C: Regional Concentrations**

**U.S./American West** (Ball, Campos, Connell-Szasz, Garcia y Griego, Hutton, Jefferson, Prior, Smith, Truett, Withycombe)

The Department of History offers a regional concentration in United States/American Western History. The U.S. faculty focuses on American Colonial History, Constitutional and Legal History, Gender, Social, and Intellectual History, as well as twentieth-century politics and economics. In addition, about nine faculty members teach and write on some aspect of the American West, with areas of specialization that include the Spanish Borderlands, Native American history, Environmental History, western Popular Culture, western Religion, Women in the West, Science in the West, and the twentieth-century West. Since about a third of the department specializes in some aspect of the History of the West, UNM boasts one of the most intense regional programs now available.

#### Latin America (Bieber, Gauderman, Garcia y Griego, Herrán Ávila, Hutchison, Truett)

Students who select Latin America as a regional field will benefit from diverse faculty whose research specializations encompass Mexico (and the U.S.-Mexican border), the Andes, Brazil, and the Southern Cone. Topically our research and teaching interests complement the thematic concentrations, with strengths in gender and sexuality, race and ethnicity, environmental history, religion, and political economy. Within the Latin America regional field, students will have the option of specializing on the early or modern periods while simultaneously enjoying the opportunity for a broader general preparation that encompasses both periods.

**Europe** (Bokovoy, Campos, Connell-Szasz, Davis-Secord, Florvil, Gibbs, Graham, Monahan, Richardson, Ryan, Sanabria, Steen)

Students who select Europe as a regional field will benefit from diverse faculty whose research specializations encompass the Late Antiquity, Medieval, Early Modern, and Modern periods. Regional interests are Iberia, the Mediterranean, France, Italy, the Balkans, the British Isles, the Low Countries, Russia, and Eastern Europe. Topically our research and teaching interests complement the new Carnegie thematic fields: Gender and Sexuality, Religion, Race and Ethnicity, War and Society, Frontiers and Borderlands, Environment, Politics and Economy. The specializations within the European field are: Late Antique and Medieval; Medieval and Early Modern; and Modern.

#### UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO HISTORY DEPARTMENT

### **APPENDIX D: Thematic Concentrations**

**Gender & Sexuality** (Ball, Bokovoy, Campos, Davis-Secord, Florvil, Gauderman, Hutchison, Ryan, Withycombe)

In all societies, people articulate and represent relations of power through gender. Gender grows out of, and in turn structures institutions and material conditions. At a biological level, most human beings encounter the world through bodies that are similar in most regards, but different according to variations that make us male and female. But what those differences mean to us- culturally and materially- are questions we work out socially. Gender varies from place to place, and time to time, but gender is present in all societies. In order to understand how history is gendered, we need to know women's history. The field of women and gender history, in research, teaching and method, will engage historical topics including: sexuality, work, family, religion, education, law, art, politics, technology, and environment.

**Race and Ethnicity** (Bieber, Bokovoy, Campos, Connell-Szasz, Davis-Secord, Gauderman, Jefferson, Richardson, Sanabria, Steen, Truett)

Understandings of race and ethnicity shape modern day social relations much as they have shaped the historical past. This field examines how notions of race and ethnicity are defined, sustained and transformed over time and explores how political, social and economic consequences that arise from competing ideas of racial and ethnic identity. We do not see race and ethnicity as discrete phenomena; instead we will examine the ways in which they overlap or merge both ideologically and in terms of identity-based political and social movements. Concepts of culture and cultural change will also be incorporated into this field.

**Frontiers and Borderlands** (Ball, Bieber, Bokovoy, Connell-Szasz, Davis-Secord, Florvil, Gauderman, Hutton, Monahan, Richardson, Ryan, Sanabria, Smith, Truett)

Envisioning a frontier as a "peripheral geographic area where economic and political incorporation is not assured, and where the outcome of cultural encounters remains in doubt" permits exploration of multiple forms of cross-cultural influence: power, trade, migration, ideas and identity. Conceiving of borderlands as geographical spaces that are both land- and sea-based also allows an exploration of imperial (and non-imperial) relations in the broadest possible context. This is a field that seeks to generate dialogue between diverse geographical regions such as the Atlantic, Pacific, and Indian Oceans, the Mediterranean, Central Asia, Africa, the Americas, and Europe.

War and Society (Ball, Bokovoy, Davis-Secord, Herrán Ávila, Hutchison, Hutton, Jefferson, Richardson) War has been defined as "the violent clash of organized social units" and such clashes have taken place from the beginning of recorded time and in all parts of the world. It has shaped and reconfigured local, regional, national, and international borders, relationships, and systems, and prompted social, cultural, and political changes. Internal wars and revolutions profoundly impact civil society. War is capable of being studied from a wide variety of perspectives including traditional military history and political analysis of the role that war may play in state More recently, historians of war have adopted methodologies from economic, social and cultural history. They have begun to look at the consumption of wartime propaganda and military culture and the material and emotional experience of the non-combatant, the effects of war on gender identities (both male and female), and the dynamics of military regimes, paramilitary organizations, and the blurring of the historical distinctions between 'war' and 'peace'.

Page 16

#### Environmental History (Campos, Gibbs, Monahan, Truett, Withycombe)

To understand, shape, and control nature have been long-standing goals of many human societies. This thematic field of concentration focuses on the ways that historical engagement with urban and rural environments, conceptions of nature, and development and application of technologies have shaped – and been shaped by – cultural values, social interactions, political dynamics, and economic exchange. We also seek to understand the ways in which space and time are mutually constitutive, and to see how landscapes, as the physical meeting points of culture, nature, space and time) both structure and respond to historical change.

**Religion** (Connell-Szasz, Davis-Secord, Gauderman, Gibbs, Graham, Herrán Ávila, Hutchison, Sanabria, Steen, Ryan)

This field deals with the interplay of spiritual beliefs and secular power, an enduring and difficult historical theme. Religious belief and practice have helped to shape political, social, cultural, and intellectual forms over time. In some cases (ancient Europe, early Islamic Middle East) state and religious practice have been all but synonymous. In others such as medieval Europe, religion has simultaneously opposed secular government and provided the theoretical framework on which that government's legitimacy depended. At various times, religion has provided an ideology for conquest and colonization (the Crusades, the sixteenth-century European expansion) and doctrines of resistance and revolution (European reformation, modern liberation theology). Religious texts have provided the intellectual foundations for erudite and obscure theological speculation, while at the same time popular festivals and ceremonies for the same religions were helping to forge common cultural and state identities. Spiritual impulses continue to motivate mass social action and provide inspiration for intellectual and artistic endeavors. This thematic focus, therefore, highlights a historical theme of broad importance that will enrich most any future program of teaching and research.

**Politics and Economy** (Ball, Bieber, Bokovoy, Connell-Szasz, Florvil, Herrán Ávila, Hutchison, Hutton, Jefferson, Monahan, Prior, Sanabria, Smith, Truett)

This field deals with the many ways in which societies allocate resources, distribute power, and administer populations. Political decision making and economic restructuring have long been leading explanations for historical change, and we therefore focus on the particular dynamics of governance, law, state formation, production, trade, and consumption. Students will be trained to recognize politics as encompassing international diplomacy, public culture, the instrumentalities of dynastic and democratic states, and popular movements, as well as the exercise of small-scale, everyday authority through status, comportment, persuasion, violence, and resistance. The economic realm is likewise broadly defined to include everything from local subsistence and barter economies to national and imperial markets to capitalism and globaliza-tion. Page 18

# UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO HISTORY DEPARTMENT

# Foreign Language Requirement

All graduate students in History should be able to use historical sources or literature in languages other than English. Consequently, all students in the M.A. and Ph.D programs in History at UNM must fulfill the following foreign language requirement:

- Master's students: One language other than English
- Doctoral students: One language other than English, and one additional language for Ph.D students preparing a Primary Field of Concentration outside of U.S. history (U.S. or American West)

#### Ways of Fulfilling the Language Requirement

The Language Requirement may be fulfilled in two ways:

#### (1) Passing a Departmental language examination;

(2) Presenting either 12 credit-hours of course work in that language from an accredited institution, completed during the period of graduate study at UNM with grades of B or better; or completion of the fourth semester level course of a language with a grade of B or better. This option is strongly recommended for students with weak language skills, and required for those who fail the departmental language exam. Continuing language study does not exclude students from taking the departmental language exam a second or third time, and if such attempts are successful, no further language coursework is required.

All graduate students are expected to demonstrate progress toward fulfilling the Language Requirement within the first two semesters of graduate study, either by attempting the language examination or beginning course work in the language. The language requirement must be completely fulfilled before taking the M.A. or Ph.D examinations.

#### Departmental Language Examination

Language examinations are given four times a year, normally in September, November, February, and April. Each examination is a pass/fail translation exam consisting of an approximately 600-word selection from a modern scholarly text in the foreign language; Latin examinations will consist of approximately 400 words. Students may use a dictionary. Time limit is 2 hours.

Students are encouraged to consult with the Chair of their Committees on Studies to ensure that the choice of language(s) is appropriate to the specific program of studies, and for guidance in preparing for the language examination. Note in particular that previous examinations are available from the Graduate Secretary for student review.

Students planning to take a language exam should sign up with the Department Secretary not later than three weeks before the examination date.

#### Native American languages

Graduate students who wish to fulfill a Department language requirement using an American Indian/Alaska Native language will obtain approval of their COS & then inform the Graduate Director GD)

For languages taught at UNM, the requirement may be fulfilled via the conventional 12-credit course option. If the student elects or if the language is not taught at UNM, the student may fulfill the requirement by passing a special language exam. In this case, the student will provide the GD with the name & qualifications of a language instructor who can administer the exam. If Credentials Committee determines that the instructor's qualifications are suitable, the GD will contact the instructor & invite him/her to assume this responsibility.

As much as possible, the exam will adhere to the departmental language exam guidelines, which require the student to demonstrate an ability to translate approximately 600 words of modern, scholarly

text into English within two hours. If the language is primarily oral, then the instructor may examine the student orally, with the approval of the student's COS. The instructor will determine the proficiency of the student in the language on a pass/fail basis and inform the GD of the results in a timely manner.

# Policy on English Medieval Latin (ENG 551)

The Graduate Advisory Committee (GAC) has unanimously recommended that the passing of English 551: Medieval Latin--currently taught by Dr. Jonathan Davis-Secord--with a B or better shall count as fulfilling the graduate language requirement from here on without the need to petition the GAC each time Davis-Secord offers the course.

# MA Students Enrolled in the Teaching American History Program

Students participating in the Teaching American History Program may substitute an equivalent skill for the language requirement, consisting of the presentation to the student's Committee on Studies of a portfolio of eight lesson plans reflecting coursework done in the M.A. program, accompanied by a five-page narrative explaining how the student used the coursework in his/her lesson plans. The portfolio must be accompanied by a letter of support from the COS chair, and submitted and approved by the Commit-tee on Studies in the semester prior to the semester in which the M.A. comprehensive exams are adminis-tered.

# Thesis/ Dissertation Deadlines

There has been a tendency for graduate students working on the final stages of theses and dissertations to submit their final (and often not-so-final) drafts to their committees and to the Chair with barely enough time before deadlines for committee and Graduate Office approval. This leaves insufficient time for the student to make revisions if the committee members feel such are warranted, and very little time for the Chair to review several theses and dissertations at once.

It is in the interests of both the student and the department that the process of review and approval of theses and dissertations be more orderly and less frantic. To that end the department has established the following deadlines for submission of the final version of the thesis/dissertation to the committee and the department Chair:

M. A. candidates:	Fall semester graduation:	October 1		
	Spring semester graduation:	March 1		
	Summer graduation:	May 1		
Ph. D. candidates:	Defendable draft to all members of dissertation committee:			
	Fall semester graduation:	October 1		
	Spring semester graduation:	March 1		
	Final draft to department Chair:			
	Fall semester graduation:	November 1		
	Spring semester graduation:	April 1		

#### Summer defense and completion only in extraordinary circumstances.

It should be clearly understood that the Chair is expected to review all dissertations and theses before signing the approval sheets. The Chair's approval represents the department faculty, independent of the student's committee members, who stand in a different relationship with the student other than the department as a whole.

Theses /dissertations which are unsatisfactory with regard to grammatical errors and style, or which contain serious flaws, will be returned to the student's major professor for correction of the deficiencies before approval. Page 22

# UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO HISTORY DEPARTMENT

# Academic Dishonesty

# I. Guidelines for Cases of Academic Dishonesty

1. Cases of academic dishonesty in undergraduate courses. According to the UNM Pathfinder, Article 3.2, in cases of suspected academic dishonesty, the faculty member should meet with the student and allow the student to explain what happened. If the faculty member then judges that academic dishonesty has occurred, the faculty member may then choose to impose a sanction. For the complete policy, go to the Pathfinder at <a href="http://www.unm.edu/~pathfind/">http://www.unm.edu/~pathfind/</a>. Under "Policies" click on "Full Text." Then click on "Student Grievance Procedure" and scroll down to Article 3, "Academic Dishonesty."

Typical sanctions may include: Grade reduction or grade of F on the assignment Additional assignments or rewrite of the assignment Grade reduction or grade of F in the course Forced withdrawal from the course

In addition, the faculty member may report the incident to the office of the Dean of Students for further disciplinary action at the University level.

2. Cases of academic dishonesty in graduate courses. Academic dishonesty is significantly more serious at the graduate level than the undergraduate level, because it is a violation of the ethics of the professional field which the student aspires to join. Ignorance of professional standards of scholarship is egregious at this level. Therefore, in addition to whatever sanctions the faculty member may choose to impose (as outlined in point 1, above) the faculty member must also report the case to the Graduate Director, and the chair of the Committee on Studies (if the student has one).

**3. Student appeals.** If a student believes that s/he has received unfair treatment in an academic matter, s/he should follow the procedures outlined in Article 2 of the Pathfinder. This includes meeting with the instructor to discuss the matter, then if necessary meeting with the department chair. If the dispute cannot be resolved informally through these means, then the student may file a grievance with the Dean of the College of Arts & Sciences. For the complete policy, go to the Pathfinder at <a href="http://www.unm.edu/~pathfind/">http://www.unm.edu/~pathfind/</a>. Under "Policies" click on "Full Text." Then click on "Student Grievance Procedure" and scroll down to Article 2, "Academic Disputes."

Slightly different procedures apply to graduate students. Graduate students should consult with the Office of Graduate Studies to discuss applicable rules and regulations even prior to meeting informally with faculty to resolve an academic dispute. For the complete policy, go to the Pathfinder at <a href="http://www.unm.edu/~pathfind/">http://www.unm.edu/~pathfind/</a>. Under "Policies" click on "Full Text." Then click on "Graduate Student Grievance Procedure."

# II. What is Academic Dishonesty?

# UNM Policy on Academic Dishonesty

Each student is expected to maintain the highest standards of honesty and integrity in academic and professional matters. The University reserves the right to take disciplinary action, up to and including dismissal, against any student who is found guilty of academic dishonesty or otherwise fails to meet the standards. Any student judged to have engaged in academic dishonesty in course work may receive a reduced or failing grade for the work in question and/or for the course.

Academic dishonesty includes, but is not limited to, dishonesty in quizzes, tests, or assignments; claiming credit for work not done or done by others; hindering the academic work of other students; misrepresenting academic or professional qualifications within or without the University; and nondisclosure or misrepresentation in filling out applications or other University records.

(<u>http://www.unm.edu/~pathfind/</u>. Under "Policies" click on "Full Text." Then click on "Policy on Academic Dishonesty.")

# Forms of Academic Dishonesty

Students should ask their professors for clarification of these terms if they have any questions or confusion.

1. **Plagiarism.** You commit plagiarism if you fail to acknowledge the sources of any ideas or information in your paper which are not common knowledge or your own personal knowledge. In other words, plagia-rism is claiming credit for ideas and information that are not your own.

This includes:

Copying word for word from sources without adequate documentation Using phrases and ideas from sources without adequate documentation Paraphrasing or summarizing a source without adequate documentation Misrepresenting source material

Purchasing a pre-written paper

Letting someone else write a paper, or portions of a paper, for you

Paying someone else to write a paper, or portions of a paper, for you

Using someone else's data to complete an assignment

**2.** Collusion. You collude in academic dishonesty if you collaborate with another person in an unauthorized manner in academic assignments.

This includes: Allowing someone else to write your papers Allowing someone else to copy your work Writing a paper for another person Taking a test or exam in place of another person Taking any action that could enable another student to violate the UNM Policy on Academic Dishonesty.

3. Fraud. You commit fraud if you falsify or invent data or source material.

4. Multiple Submissions. It is unethical to submit assignments (or parts of assignments) for credit in more than one class without the permission of the instructors.

# III. Plagiarism and How To Avoid It

# Why is it important to acknowledge sources in academic writing?

In universities, scholars produce new knowledge through interactions with others. We read articles

and books written by other scholars, and discuss our ideas with our colleagues, whether informally or at professional conferences. Virtually nobody comes up with a brilliant new idea in total isolation – and even if they did, the first thing they would have to do is to demonstrate how their new idea fits into the existing field of knowledge.

So we are always building on each other's knowledge, and this is just as true for students as for professors. When a student writes a paper for a history class, s/he is in effect entering the historians' community of discourse, and must therefore abide by the same rules that professional historians do. Historians are continually in dialogue not only with other historians, but also with voices from the past. It is crucial therefore to acknowledge where the ideas in your papers come from, not only to give credit where credit is due, but also to clarify where you make your own original contribution to the field.

Plagiarism occurs when an author takes credit for work that is not the author's own. This is a kind of intellectual theft, and it is extremely serious no matter what form it takes, whether purchasing an essay online, or misusing sources in more subtle ways.

In order to clarify some of the different forms that plagiarism can take, please read the following passage, and then study the various good and bad uses of the source that follow.

#### The original text:

### Lefebvre, Georges. The Coming of the French Revolution. Translated by R. R. Palmer. New York: Vintage Books, 1947.

[p.3] The ultimate cause of the French Revolution of 1789 goes deep into the history of France and of the western world. At the end of the eighteenth century the social structure of France was aristocratic. It showed the traces of having originated at a time when land was almost the only form of wealth, and when the possessors of land were the masters of those who needed it to work and to live. It is true that in the course of age-old struggles (of which the Fronde, the last revolt of the aristocracy, was as recent as the seventeenth century) the king had been able gradually to deprive the lords of their political power and subject nobles and clergy to his authority. But he had left them the first place in the social hierarchy. Still restless [p. 4] at being merely his "subjects," they remained privileged persons.

Meanwhile the growth of commerce and industry had created, step by step, a new form of wealth, mobile or commercial wealth, and a new class, called in France the bourgeoisie, which since the fourteenth century had taken its place as the Third Estate in the General Estates of the kingdom. This class had grown much stronger with the maritime discoveries of the fifteenth and sixteenth centuries and the ensuing exploitation of new worlds, and also because it proved highly useful to the monarchical state in supplying it with money and competent officials. In the eighteenth century commerce, industry, and finance occupied an increasingly important place in the national economy. It was the bourgeoisie that rescued the royal treasury in moments of crisis. From its ranks were recruited most members of the liberal professions and most public employees. It had developed a new ideology which the "philosophers" and "economists" of the time had simply put into definite form. The role of the nobility had correspondingly declined; and the clergy, as the ideal which it proclaimed lost prestige, found its authority growing weaker. These groups preserved the highest rank in the legal structure of the country, but in reality economic power, personal abilities and confidence in the future had passed largely to the bourgeoisie. Such a discrepancy never lasts forever. The Revolution of 1789 restored the harmony between fact and law. This transformation spread in the nineteenth century throughout the west and then to the whole globe, and in this sense the ideas of 1789 toured the world.

### 1. Word-for-word plagiarism. This is copying directly from the source without correct acknowledgment.

#### Unacceptable use of source:

Page 26

Class conflict was an important element of the French Revolution. By 1789, <u>the social structure of France</u> was aristocratic. Although through the centuries the king had largely <u>been able to deprive the lords of</u> their political power and subject nobles and clergy to his authority, they retained <u>the first place in the so-cial hierarchy</u>.

# Analysis of the plagiarized passage:

Although a few words were changed or omitted, this passage is virtually the same as the first paragraph in the original text. It is not a paraphrase, but a copy. Direct quotes should always be enclosed in quotation marks, accompanied by correct citation.

### Acceptable use of the source:

Class conflict was an important element of the French Revolution. As historian Georges Lefebvre has observed, aristocrats had lost much of their political power by the end of the eighteenth century, but they retained "the first place in the social hierarchy."<sup>1</sup>

**2.** Mosaic. This is integrating key terms and phrases from a source into your own text without proper acknowledgement. Your text is not purely your own, but rather a mosaic of your words and someone else's.

#### Unacceptable use of source:

For centuries before the Revolution, the French bourgeoisie had been growing in wealth and importance. The bourgeoisie supplied money to the royal treasury in times of crisis, and staffed government posts. Yet the aristocracy and clergy retained the <u>highest rank in the legal structure</u>. The Revolution would resolve this tension by reconciling <u>fact and law</u>.

#### Analysis of the plagiarized passage:

This passage is mostly in the author's own words, but it still has nuggets of information and special terms that are directly copied from the original without acknowledgement. Using a direct quote in your paper is like letting another person interrupt you when you are speaking – you should only allow really worthwhile interruptions!

#### Acceptable use of the source:

For centuries before the Revolution, the French bourgeoisie had been growing in wealth and importance. Yet legally it was subordinate to the aristocracy and the clergy. In the words of historian Georges Lefebvre, the triumph of the bourgeoisie in the Revolution "restored the harmony between fact and law."<sup>2</sup>

**3. Paraphrase.** Paraphrasing is not a bad thing in itself. It can be a very useful tool for condensing another writer's points and integrating them smoothly into your text. But paraphrasing is only OK if you acknowledge your source and distinguish it from your own argument.

#### Unacceptable use of source:

One of the root causes of the French Revolution was the tension between the aristocracy and the bourgeoisie. French society was still aristocratic in the second half of the eighteenth century, meaning that status was derived from wealth based in the control of land and agricultural production. Over the centuries, the king had succeeded in expanding his political power at the expense of the aristocrats, but as a group they maintained the highest social status.

#### Analysis of the plagiarized passage:

The author has not copied any phrases or key words directly from the original, but there is not a single idea here that did not originate with Lefebvre, who is not acknowledged at all. It would be better for the author to deploy Lefebvre's claims in a way that supports her own argument and clearly differentiate between her ideas and Lefebvre's.

#### Acceptable use of source:

Events as complex as the French Revolution have multiple causes and consequences. Yet it is tempting to seek one master cause and effect to explain them. One of the most enduring theories of this kind is George Lefebvre's argument that the Revolution was essentially a class struggle between the aristocracy and the bourgeoisie. In his analysis, the status of the French aristocracy was derived from land-based wealth in the pre-industrial era. The aristocracy retained its social status and legal privileges even as it lost real political power to the king. But it would be impossible for the aristocracy to maintain its status as the importance of the bourgeosie increased.<sup>3</sup> Thus the primary cause of the Revolution was the inevitable clash of material-based interests.

**4.** Summary of a single source. This is similar to a paraphrase, but more concise. Again, it can be a use-ful tool for conveying another author's key points, but only with proper documentation.

#### Unacceptable use of source:

The French Revolution can be understood as a conflict between two classes: the aristocracy, whose wealth was based on land ownership; and the bourgeoisie, whose wealth was produced through trade, manufacturing, and service. In the late eighteenth century, the French aristocracy retained their high social status, enforced by legal privilege, even though they had lost much real political power to the king and much real economic power to the bourgeoisie. During the revolution, the bourgeoisie achieved social status and political power at the expense of the aristocracy.

#### Analysis of the plagiarized passage:

This passage sums up two paragraphs of the original text. Like the example of paraphrasing, it does not copy words and phrases directly from the original, but it does reproduce all the key ideas of the original without acknowledgement. Again, a summary is best used to give a brief overview of another author's ideas, but in the context of advancing your own analysis.

#### Acceptable use of the source:

For much of the twentieth century, the class-based analysis exemplified by Georges Lefebvre was the dominant interpretation of the causes of the French Revolution. According to this theory, the Revolution was the inevitable clash between the aristocracy, whose wealth was based on land ownership; and the bourgeoisie, whose wealth was produced through trade, manufacturing, and service. In the late eighteenth century, the French aristocracy retained their high social status, enforced by legal privilege, even though they had lost much real political power to the king and much real economic power to the bourgeoisie. During the Revolution, the bourgeoisie would achieve political power and social status that matched their economic might.<sup>4</sup> Although Lefebvre mentions such cultural factors as "ideology" and "confidence in the future," he treats them essentially as manifestations of social class.<sup>5</sup> It is only in recent years that class-based analysis has given way to more cultural explanations in historiography of the Revolution.

5. Misrepresenting source material. Besides copying them without acknowledgement, sources can also be misused by distorting their original meaning, purpose, or spirit. This can happen because the source was misunderstood (a grave error) or because a quote was taken out of context.

#### Unacceptable use of source:

In the eighteenth century, the French bourgeoisie had no power at all and no role in government or cultural life. Instead, according to historian Georges Lefebvre, it was the aristocracy and the clergy that "preserved the highest rank in the legal structure of the country."<sup>6</sup>

### Analysis of the plagiarized passage:

The author quotes Lefebvre accurately, but the way he presents the quote alters its meaning. Lefebvre did not claim that the bourgeoisie had no power, or that the aristocracy and clergy had the only kind of power worth having. Using a direct quotation to reinforce an idea that is contrary to the original author's point is dishonest.

### 6. Another misuse of sources: inventing them

It may seem obvious that making up a source that does not exist is fraud. Yet it is also dishonest to list sources in a paper that you did not bother to consult – your reader trusts you that those sources would back you up, but what if you're wrong? Likewise, claiming that "The critics agree . . ." or "Most historians of the French Revolution believe . . ." is a totally unsubstantiated and dangerous claim, unless you have actually made a comprehensive study of all the critics or all the historians of the French Revolution.

#### Finally, a note on sources in this document.

If this document were a formal essay where the same source was cited over and over again consecutively, it would have been correct to use *lbid*. instead of repeating the author's name in the footnotes. However, given the purpose of this document, it seemed more straightforward to cite the author and page number anew in each footnote. Be sure to consult the *Chicago Manual of Style* for guidelines on the correct use of footnotes.

End Notes for the Guidelines for Cases of Academic Dishonesty

Georges Lefebvre, The Coming of the French Revolution, trans. R. R. Palmer (New York: Vintage Books, 1947), 3.
 Lefebvre, 4.
 Lefebvre, 3.

- 4 Lefebvre, 3-4.
- 5 Lefebvre, 3-4
- 6 Lefebvre, 4.

Page 28

# **Graduate Funding**

Students enrolled in the UNM History Program rely on a diverse array of funding sources, only some of which are supplied by the Department of History. On this page, we offer an overview of the types of financial support offered by the department itself, as well as information about other funding sources offered across the UNM campus. Rules governing student employment and financial aid are administered by the <u>Office of Graduate Studies</u>.

#### **History Department Funding**

#### Graduate Assistants (GA)

Typically awarded to students as they enter the program, GAships are multi-year awards (up to two years for MA students, and up to three for PhD) that pay yearly stipends of \$14,000 to \$16,000, plus tuition and health benefits. GAs are assigned to work half-time with faculty instructors in large undergrad-uate courses, where their duties include grading, advising, and other duties specified by the instructor. To apply, prospective students simply submit to the department a <u>Financial Aid Form</u> along with their applica-tion for admission, and may view the criteria for GA awards <u>here</u>. Applicants for Spring admission who indicate financial need will be evaluated for funding only in the Spring semester, along with applicants for Fall admission. When possible, the department awards single-year GAships to continuing students who have not received departmental funding. Those students who have not received multi-year GAships upon admission may apply to the department at the start of the Spring semester.

#### Readers (RA)

Graduate student Readers grade the work of undergraduate students enrolled in medium to large courses, but are not responsible for holding office hours or performing other duties. Students enrolled in the graduate program may <u>apply</u> at the start of each semester to hold a quarter-time position as a course Reader, for which they receive of \$2,400 to \$3,000 plus health benefits.

#### Teaching Associates (TA)

Each semester, the department offers several sections of its undergraduate survey on-campus and online courses that are staffed by history doctoral students who have passed their qualifying exams (ABD). In addition, most semesters the department offers graduate students in this category the opportunity to design and teach a topics course at the undergraduate level. TAs receive a payment of \$3 698, plus health benefits, for each course.

#### **Travel to Conferences**

The History Department Chair offers some support to graduate students participating in profession-al conferences. Please consult the <u>Department Administrator</u> for further information.

#### Frederick G. Bohme Memorial Prize

An award of \$600 to \$800 is given to the student who authors the best paper on the history of New Mexico and the Southwest. The paper must deal with some aspect of the history of the Southwest from early times to the present, preferably in a way that engages, but need not be exclusively centered on, New Mexico history. To apply or nominate a deserving paper, click <u>here</u>.

**Dissertation Fellows** 

The department offers two competitive fellowships to History PhD students who are writing their dissertations. More details on these one-year awards, which provide a stipend of approximately \$8,000, can be viewed <u>here</u>.

# **UNM Graduate Funding**

**Dissertation Fellowships** 

Each spring, department faculty nominate candidates for the <u>OGS Graduate Dean's Fellowship</u>, The Regents' Fellowship, and the Latin American and Iberian Institute's Dissertation Fellowships, which offer stipends in the amount of \$2,000 to \$10,000 yearly to support the completion of the dissertation.

Graduate Fellowships and Employment

Several units on campus offer multi-year fellowships and employment opportunities. A few of these include:

<u>Center for Regional Studies</u> (Montoya Fellowship) <u>Center for the Southwest</u> <u>Center for Southwest Research</u> <u>New Mexico Historical Review</u> <u>New Mexico Higher Education Department (HED) Fellowship</u> <u>University of New Mexico Press</u>

Interdepartmental Graduate Assistantships

Each spring, the College of Arts & Sciences accepts applications from graduate students wishing to serve as Graduate Assistants outside of their home departments in the subsequent academic year. Graduate students in History regularly teach in the English and the Spanish and Portuguese departments. Please contact the <u>Graduate Director</u> for information about this program.

Research and Travel

Graduate students may apply each semester for funds supporting field research and conference travel:

<u>Field Research Grant</u> (LAII) <u>Research, Project, and Travel (RPT) Grant</u> (OGS) Student Research Allocations Committee (SRAC) Grant (GPSA)

Page 30

# Critical Deadlines

(Please consult the <u>University Academic Calendar</u> for semester, holiday, and examination schedules, and the <u>Office of Graduate Studies Calendar</u> for additional information on OGS deadlines.)

# **Fall Semester**

August 23: Applications for <u>Readerships</u> due in History.

Mid-September: Applications for <u>Teaching Associateships</u> for Spring semester due in History

First week in September:

Departmental Language Exams held this week.

September 15:

MA <u>Program of Studies</u> form due in History, for students planning to take comprehensive exams in the Spring semester.

September 21:

<u>Research, Project, and Travel (RPT) Grant</u> applications for fall support due at OGS. <u>Student Research Allocations Committee (SRAC) Grant</u> applications due at the GPSA at NOON

October 1:

<u>MA Theses</u> due in History for Fall semester graduation.

<u>PhD Dissertations</u> due to Dissertation Committee for Fall semester graduation.

PhD <u>Application for Candidacy</u> forms due in History, for students planning to take comprehensive exams in the Spring semester.

October 15:

Applications for <u>admission</u> to History graduate programs for Spring semester due in Office of Admissions and History.

Fall Break:

MA and PhD Exams administered in the week following Fall Break.

November 1:

<u>PhD Dissertations</u> due in History for Fall semester graduation.

November 15:

<u>MA theses and PhD Dissertations</u> due at OGS.

Third week in November:

Departmental Language Exams held this week.

December 15:

Applications for <u>admission</u> to History graduate programs for Fall semester due in Office of Admissions and History.

#### Spring Semester

Third Week in January:

Applications for <u>Readerships</u> due in History.

Research, Project, and Travel (RPT) Grant applications for spring support due at OGS.

February 1:

Application for <u>Graduate Assistantships</u> (new and renewals) and <u>Teaching Associateships</u> for Fall semester due in History.

February 4:

Departmental Language Exams held this week.

February 15:

MA <u>Program of Studies</u> form due in History, for students planning to graduate in the summer. <u>Student Research Allocations Committee (SRAC) Grant</u> applications due at the GPSA.

March 1:

<u>MA Theses</u> due in History for Spring semester graduation.

<u>PhD Dissertations</u> due to Dissertation Committee for Spring semester graduation.

PhD <u>Application for Candidacy</u> forms due in History, for students planning to take comprehensive exams in the Spring semester.

Spring Break:

MA and PhD Exams administered in the week following Spring Break.

First or Second week in April:

Departmental Language Exams held this week.

April 1:

<u>PhD Dissertations</u> due in History for Spring semester graduation.

April 15:

Applications for departmental <u>dissertation</u> and <u>best paper awards</u> due in History. <u>MA theses and PhD Dissertations</u> due at OGS.

May 1:

<u>MA Theses</u> due in History for Summer graduation. Applications for <u>Graduate Teaching Assistantships</u> due in History.

May 30:

<u>Research, Project, and Travel (RPT) Grant</u> applications for summer support due at OGS.

MA <u>Program of Studies</u> form due in History, for students planning to take comprehensive exams in the Fall semester.

## DECLARATION OF COMMITTEE ON STUDIES M.A. IN HISTORY, U.N.M.

	DATE FIR	st Enrolled:	
CATALOG YEAR:			
	<b>is)</b> Field:		M.A. Fields of Concentration American West United States Western World to 1500 Europe 1500 to 1815
	2a)Secondary Field		Europe 1815 to Present
	2b) Transcripted Minor		Latin America Asia
	2c) Student Design		11014
LANGUAGE REQUIRE			
ANGUAGE	Exam or Cours (Circle Oni		DIESNO
COMMITTEE ON S	TUDIES:		
	are asked to serve on the Committee of	on Studies of the student i	named above:
The following faculty			
		(Chair)	Initial if approved
)			

Date\_\_\_\_\_

Graduate Director

WORKSHEET-NOT FOR SUBMISSION

#### Page 34

#### UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO HISTORY DEPARTMENT

#### THE UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO DEPARTMENT OF HISTORY

#### **Appointment of MA Thesis Committee**

Revised 11/28/07

WORKSHEET—NOT FOR SUBMISSION



#### **PROGRAM OF STUDIES FOR: MASTER'S DEGREE/GRADUATE CERTIFICATE**

Submit one completed form to Graduate Studies. The original is retained by Graduate Studies; a copy is returned by Graduate Studies to the graduate unit after approval. Leaving any question blank will result in a delay of approval. Courses used for a master's degree may not be more than 7 years old at the time of graduation; departments may impose stricter limits.

#### SUBMISSION DEADLINES: March 1 for Summer, July 1 for Fall, and October 1 for Spring graduations.

Early submission to your department or graduate unit is strongly recommended, as your faculty will need time to approve the form. Failure to submit this form on time will delay your graduation. This form must be approved by Graduate Studies before a student may take the master's examination. Please print legibly or type this form completely.

1. Personal Information

UNM ID Number:	Date:	
Name (as it appears on UNM record:	Middle	Last
Other Names Used at UNM:	Middle	Last
Local Address:		
Street Permanent Address:	City Sta	ate Zip Telephone
Street Email Address:	City Sta	te Zip Telephone
<ol> <li>Department or Graduate Unit: a)</li></ol>	b) aduate and graduate degrees, major, ir	
Degree Major	Institution	Date Conferred (mm/dd/yyyy)
Degree Major	Institution	Date Conferred (mm/dd/yyyy)
	Institution	Date Conferred (mm/dd/yyyy)
Degree Major	Institution	Date Contened (mm/dd/yyyy)
4. Select appropriate option ( <b>Required</b> ): (list <u>exactly</u> as sh		
4. Select appropriate option ( <b>Required</b> ): (list <u>exactly</u> as sh	own in the University Catalog)	
4. Select appropriate option (Required): (list <u>exactly</u> as sh Master's Degree Dual Degree Mas	own in the <i>University Catalog</i> ) S <b>ter's Degree</b> (plus Graduate Certif	icate) Graduate Certificate Only
<b>4.</b> Select appropriate option ( <b>Required</b> ): (list <u>exactly</u> as sh <b>Master's Degree Dual Degree Master's Degree Degree</b> Abbreviation (Primary Program)	own in the <i>University Catalog</i> ) <b>ster's Degree</b> (plus Graduate Certif Major	icate) Graduate Certificate Only Banner Major Code
4. Select appropriate option (Required): (list exactly as sh         Master's Degree       Dual Degree         Degree Abbreviation (Primary Program)         Degree Abbreviation (Secondary Program) – Dual Degree	own in the <i>University Catalog</i> ) ster's Degree (plus Graduate Certif Major Major Major 6. Minor (if any):	icate) Graduate Certificate Only Banner Major Code Banner Major Code
<ul> <li>4. Select appropriate option (Required): (list exactly as sh</li> <li>Master's Degree Dual Degree Mas</li> <li>Degree Abbreviation (Primary Program)</li> <li>Degree Abbreviation (Secondary Program) – Dual Degree</li> <li>Degree Abbreviation (Certificate)</li> <li>5. Concentration #1:</li> <li>Concentration #2:</li> <li>7. Plan I (with thesis) [] Plan I</li> </ul>	own in the <i>University Catalog</i> )  Ster's Degree (plus Graduate Certif Major Major 6. Minor (if any):	icate) Graduate Certificate Only Banner Major Code Banner Major Code Banner Major Code If declaring a formal minor, additional
4. Select appropriate option (Required): (list exactly as sh         Master's Degree       Dual Degree         Degree Abbreviation (Primary Program)         Degree Abbreviation (Secondary Program) – Dual Degree         Degree Abbreviation (Certificate)         5. Concentration #1:         Concentration #2:	own in the <i>University Catalog</i> )  Ster's Degree (plus Graduate Certif Major Major 6. Minor (if any):	icate) Graduate Certificate Only Banner Major Code Banner Major Code Banner Major Code If declaring a formal minor, additional paperwork is required
<ul> <li>4. Select appropriate option (Required): (list exactly as sh</li> <li>Master's Degree Dual Degree Mas</li> <li>Degree Abbreviation (Primary Program)</li> <li>Degree Abbreviation (Secondary Program) – Dual Degree</li> <li>Degree Abbreviation (Certificate)</li> <li>5. Concentration #1:</li> <li>Concentration #2:</li> <li>7. Plan I (with thesis) [] Plan I</li> </ul>	own in the University Catalog)  ster's Degree (plus Graduate Certif Major Major 6. Minor (if any):  I (without thesis) [  requirements for this degree: You must meet all program de	icate) Graduate Certificate Only Banner Major Code Banner Major Code Banner Major Code If declaring a formal minor, additional paperwork is required Plan III (Coursework only) []] Semester of Graduation Year gree requirements specified in a UNM

#### **PROGRAM OF GRADUATE STUDY** (Within each section list all courses in CHRONOLOGICAL ORDER.)

**10. Graduate Degree Courses:** List courses used to fulfill requirements <u>completed or to be completed at UNM after admission</u> to your graduate program. For <u>Dual Degree Programs</u>, list courses for each MAJOR separately, in chronological order. For <u>Dual Degrees</u>, please indicate "**A**" for first degree program, "**B**" for second degree program, and "**C**" for shared hours in column labeled "**DD**".

\*In the left hand column, place a check mark  $\sqrt{}$  beside core requirement courses only. If you are listing a <u>substitution for a required course</u>, or if a required course is being <u>waived</u> by your program this must be noted in a memo approved by your advisor and department chair.

*	DD	Dept & Course #	Course Title	Sem Hrs	Grade	Sem/Year (e.g. Fall/2006)	Instructor

11. Applied Cr	edit: List courses used to fulfill graduate degree requirements while in non-degree, extension or undergraduate
	Please see the section on APPLIED GRADUATE CREDIT in the University Catalog.

*	Dept & Course #	Course Title	Sem Hrs	Grade	Sem/Year (e.g. Fall/2006)	Instructor

# **12. Transfer Courses**: List courses completed at an <u>institution other than UNM</u> that will be used to fulfill requirements for this degree. (May not be courses used for a previous Master's degree.) Official transcripts required.

*	Dept & Course #	Course Title	Sem Hrs	Grade	Sem/Year (e.g. Fall/2006)	Institution Name

# **13. Transcripted Graduate Certificate Courses**: List courses completed to fulfill the requirements established by the certificate program as listed on front page.

*	Dept & Course #	Course Title	Sem Hrs	Grade	Sem/Year (e.g. Fall/2006)	Instructor

		UNM ID #
14. Language and/or Skill Require	ments: (this section	to be completed by Faculty Graduate Director only)
If your program requires a language and/		
Signature of Faculty Graduate Director		
Credits used to fulfill requirements for any of be applied toward this degree.	ther degree may not	You are responsible for knowing all UNM graduate regulations and requirements, as well as those specific to your graduate program. You are encouraged to obtain a University Catalog and obtain copies of your program's particular graduate requirements.
15. APPROVALS (Unit #1 – Primary	')	16. APPROVALS (Unit #2 – Dual/Certificate)
Signature of Student	Date	Signature of Student Date
Signature of Major Advisor		Signature of Major Advisor
Major Advisor (printed or typed name)	Date	Major Advisor (printed or typed name) Date
Signature of Faculty Graduate Director or Graduate Unit Chair	Date	Signature of Faculty Graduate Director or Date Graduate Unit Chair
Signature of Dean of Graduate Studies	Date	Signature of Dean of Graduate Studies Date
Time limit for completion of de		Entered:
Degree: Major:		Major Code:
*******	*****	************************
Plan I 🔄 Plan II 🗌		
Coursework [ ] _	Required Cours	ses:
Diss/Thesis [ ]		
500 Min [ ]		
Prob Max [ ]		
Master's hrs [ ]		
Lang/Skill (1)	(2)	Transf / ND / Ext / UG
GPS (3.0) Instr. (50	%) Time Limit	Extension
Post Masters	18 hrs after	24 @ UNM Doc / MFA Comp
Processor	Approv	ved as presented this date

## DECLARATION OF COMMITTEE ON STUDIES PH.D. IN HISTORY, U.N.M. (post-2007)

STUDENT'S NAME:				
UNM ID #:	DATE FIRST ENROL	LED:		
FIELDS OF CONCENTRATION: I. Regional Concentration: Concentration: Specialization:		Regional Concentrations 1. U.S./American West U.S. to 1877 U.S. since 1877 American West 2. Latin America Early Latin Americ Modern Latin Ame	a (to 1810)	
II. Thematic Concentration:			the Middle Ages arly Modern Europe	
HISTORY 664: COMPLETEDY HISTORY 665: COMPLETEDY	ESNO ESNO	<ol> <li>Thematic Concentration</li> <li>Gender and Sexual</li> <li>Race and Ethnicity</li> <li>Frontiers and Borde</li> <li>War and Society</li> <li>Environmental Hist</li> <li>Religion</li> <li>Politics and Econor</li> </ol>	ity erlands tory	
Outside Field:	COMPLETED YES	NO		
LANGUAGE REQUIREMENT:				
Language # 1	(CIRCLE ONE)		Yes Yes	
(IF REQUIRED) COMMITTEE ON STUDIES:	(CIRCLE ONE)			
The following faculty are asked to serv	ve on the Committee on Studie	s of the student na	med above:	
1)	(Cł	nair)	Initial if app	roved
2)	(M	ember)	Initial if app	roved
3)	(M	ember)	Initial if apj	proved
4)_(Member)	Initia	al if approved	This form mu	ıst be
completed, initialed by all faculty men	nbers listed above, and submitt	ed to the Graduate	Director	

for signature within the first year of graduate study.

Date:\_\_\_\_\_

Graduate Director Signature

#### **UNM Department of History Ph.D. Committee for the Qualifying Examination (post-2007)**

The Ph.D. Comprehensive Examination Committee consists of five faculty members, three faculty members representing the Regional Concentration and two representing the Thematic Concentration.

Student's name:

UNM ID #:	Date first enrolled:
-----------	----------------------

Faculty Chair of the Examination Committee:

Ph.D. Concentrations:

The following faculty are asked to serve on the Qualifying Examination Committee of the student named above:

u00 v	·•	
1) _	(Chair )	_Initial if approved

2) \_\_\_\_\_ (Member) \_\_\_\_\_ Initial if approved

3) \_\_\_\_\_ (Member) \_\_\_\_\_ Initial if approved

4) \_\_\_\_\_ (Member) \_\_\_\_\_ Initial if approved

5) \_\_\_\_\_ (Member) \_\_\_\_\_ Initial if approved

This form must be completed, initialed by all faculty members listed above, and submitted to Professor Ryan for her signature at the start of the semester *prior* to the semester in which the Qualifying Examination will be taken.

Graduate Director signature	Date
-----------------------------	------



#### APPLICATION FOR CANDIDACY FOR THE DOCTORAL or MFA DEGREE

This application is to be submitted to the Dean of Graduate Studies during the term in which you have passed the comprehensive examination and fulfilled any language or research skill requirement. Your application will be approved only if your graduate grade point average is at least 3.0 in courses taken since admission to the doctoral program as well as in all courses listed on this application. The Application for Candidacy should be submitted for review/approval to the department for program signatures and, finally, submitted to the Dean of Graduate Studies by the end of the term that the PhD/MFA Comprehensive Examination is completed but no later than the term before he/she wishes to graduate.

Please print legibly or type.

#### 1) Personal Information

UNM ID Number:					Date:		
Name (as it appears on U	NM record):						
		First	Mid	dle		Last	
Other Names used at	UNM:						
		First	Mid	dle		Last	
Local Address:							
	Street		City		State	Zip	Telephone
Permanent Address:			-			-	-
	Street		City		State	Zip	Telephone
Email Address:							

2) Degree(s) currently held (list degree, major, institution & date conferred for each): Print legibly/ No Abbreviations

Degree	Major	Institution	Date Conferred
Degree	Major	Institution	Date Conferred
Degree	Major	Institution	Date Conferred
3) UNM Degree	e Sought: Select appropriate D	Degree option: (list exactly as shown in	the University Catalog)
Graduate Unit/[	Department:		
Doctoral De	egree Only: PhD 🗌 MFA 🗌	EdD 🗌 🔤 Graduat	te Certificate Only
Doctoral De	egree (plus Graduate Certificate): PhD	MFA EdD	
Degree Abbreviation (F	Primary Program)	Major	Banner Major Code
Degree Abbreviation (S	Secondary Program - Dual/Certificate) Major		Banner Major Code
<b>4)</b> Concentration (i	if any):	<b>5)</b> Minor (if any): If declaring a formal minor, additional paperwork is required	

7) Catalog Year: You must meet <u>all</u> the degree requirements of <u>any</u> *Graduate University Catalog* in effect since the first term enrolled in your doctoral program at UNM as long as continuous enrollment is maintained.

Which publication have you selected?	2009-	2010-	2011-	2012-	2013-	2014-	2015-	2016-
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017

#### **PROGRAM OF DOCTORAL STUDY**

(Within each section list all courses in CHRONOLOGICAL ORDER.)

8) DOCTORAL PROGRAM CREDITS -- A minimum of 48 semester hours of coursework (some programs require more) plus 18 hours of dissertation credits; 24 hours of course work must be completed at UNM, of which 18 hours must be taken after admission to the doctoral program. The remaining 24 hours may include credit applied to a master's degree, 12 hours of UNM graduate credit taken prior to the doctoral program but not applied to a master's degree.

A. MAJOR CREDITS: Courses used to fulfill MAJOR requir ements completed (or to be completed) at UNM after admission to your doctoral program. Place a check mark in the left hand column (labeled "c") for any course used to meet a specific core requirement of your program. For dissertation credits on the last line, show only the *first term* in which you intend to enroll in 699.

С	Dept & Course #	Course Title	Term Hrs	Grade	Term/Year (e.g. Fall/2007)	UNM Instructor
699		Dissertation Hours	18			

#### 9) MINOR OR SUPPORTING CREDITS: Courses used to fulfill MINOR requirements completed at UNM after admission to your doctoral program.

С	Dept & Course #	Course Title	Term Hrs	Grade	Term/Year (e.g. Fall/2007)	UNM Instructor

**10)** MASTER'S PROGRAM CREDITS: Credits completed <u>at UNM or another institution in a related master's program</u> and to be applied toward your doctoral degree (may include up to 6 term hours of thesis credits). Credits from another institution must be graded at least "B" (3.0).

С	Dept & Course #	Course Title	Term Hrs	Grade	Term/Year (e.g. Fall/2007)	Institution Name/or UNM Instructor
					(*)	

11) TRANSFER COURSES or NON-DEGREE CREDITS: Courses completed at an institution other than UNM or at UNM in non-degree status, and used to fulfill requirements for this degree. Do <u>not include Master's credits listed in section 10 above</u>. Graduate programs must determine that: (1) these are graduate credits; and, (2) the courses have appropriate content for this degree. Include a photocopy of the original transcript for credits not completed at UNM. Credits from another institution must be graded at least "B" (3.0).

С	Dept & Course #	Course Title	Term Hrs	Grade	Term/Year (e.g. Fall/2007)	Institution Name or UNM Instructor
	· ·					

12) TRANSCRIPTED GRADUATE CERTIFICATE COURSES: List courses completed to fulfill the requirements established by the certificate program as listed on front page.

*	Dept & Course #	Course Title	Term Hrs	Grade	Term/Year (e.g. Fall/2007)	Instructor

#### 13) LANGUAGE/SKILL REQUIREMENT HAS BEEN MET

Verified by signature of Dissertation advisor

- 1. During the term in which you have passed the comprehensive exam and fulfilled any language or research skill requirement, you should <u>submit this application</u>, accompanied by the signed forms that certify those requirements.
- 2. After approval, <u>changes may be made only upon written recommendation</u> of the Chairperson or Graduate Director of the graduate unit to the Dean of Graduate Studies. Extensive changes require submission of a revised application.
- 3. <u>Credits used to fulfill requirements for any other degree</u> may not be applied toward this degree, other than Master's Program Credits listed in Section 2 above
- 4. The number of <u>non-degree credits</u>, extension credits, and transfer credits that may be applied toward this degree varies depending upon the *Catalog* selected, as well as the particular graduate program.
- 5. <u>Students are responsible for knowing all UNM graduate regulation and requirements</u> related to their degree as well as those specific to their program.
- Credits used to fulfill requirements for any other degree may not be applied toward this degree
- <u>You are responsible for knowing all UNM graduate regulations and requirements</u>, as well as those specific to your graduate program. You are encouraged to obtain a *University Catalog* and obtain copies of your program's particular graduate requirements

14)	APPROVALS (Unit #1 – Primary)

Signature of Student Date	
Cignature of Major Advisor	Data
Signature of Major Advisor	Date
Major Advisor (printed or typed name)	Date
Signature of Faculty Graduate Director or Graduate Unit Chair	Date
Signature of Dean of Graduate Studies	Date
15) APPROVALS (Unit #2 – Secondary Program - DL	ual/Certificate)
Signature of Student Date	
Signature of Major Advisor	Date
Major Advisor (printed or typed name)	Date
Signature of Faculty Graduate Director or Graduate Unit Chair	Date
Signature of Dean of Graduate Studies	Date

### FOR GRADUATE STUDIES USE ONLY Time limit for completion of degree:

Review Date: _				
Degree:	Major:	Banner MajorCode:		
*****	******	*******		
Plan I				
Coursework [ ]	Required Courses:			
Diss/Thesis [	l			
500 Min [	]			
Prob Max [ ]				
Master's hrs [	l			
Lang/Skill (1)	(2)	_ Transf / ND / Ext / UG		
GPS (3.0)	Instr. (50%) Time Limit	Extension		
Post Masters	18 hrs after	24 @ UNM Doc / MFA Comp		
Processor	Approved as presented this date			



University of New Mexico MSC 03 2180 107 Humanities Building Albuquerque, NM 87131-1041 Telephone (505) 277-2711 Fax (505) 277-7405

# Appointment of Dissertation Committee Please type or print legibly.

Name of Student	UNM ID	Department or Graduate Unit
GENE	RAL TOPIC OF DISSERTA	TION
D Full Name	ISSERTATION COMMITTE	E iraduate Unit or Institution
This committee meets the criteria liste This committee requires an exception re reason for this exception is:		ent of Dissertation Committee.
SI	GNATURES OF APPROVA	L
Doctoral Candidate		Date
Chair of Dissertation		Date
Chair of Graduate Unit		Date

Page 46

# **HISTORY CONTACTS**

#### The University of New Mexico Department of History

http://www.unm.edu/~hist/index.html 1101 Mesa Vista Hall Phone: (505) 277-2451 Fax: (505) 277-6023 history@unm.edu

#### **Department Officers:**

Chair: Dr. Melissa Bokovoy(mbokovoy@unm.edu) Associate Chair: Dr. Luis Campos (luiscampos@unm.edu) Graduate Director: Dr. Jason Smith (jssmith@unm.edu) Undergraduate Director: Dr. Frederick Gibbs (fwgibbs@unm.edu) Honors Advisor: Dr. Caleb Richardson(cwr@unm.edu)

#### **Department Staff:**

Department Administrator: <u>Yolanda Martinez</u> (history@unm.edu) Graduate Secretary: Dana Ellison(dellison@unm.edu) Administrative Assistant: Barbara Wafer(bwafer@unm.edu)

#### History Graduate Student Association (HGSA—hgsa@unm.edu) http://

<u>www.unm.edu/~hgsa/</u> President: Dylan Maynard Vice-President: Nicolas Kennedy Treasurer: Adam Polk Secretary: Elise Matton